# DIGIMARC

# **Digimarc Reports Third Quarter 2024 Financial Results**

**Beaverton, Ore.** – **November 14, 2024** – <u>Digimarc Corporation</u> (NASDAQ: DMRC) reported financial results for the third quarter ended September 30, 2024.

"Looking forward, Q3 was the most significant quarter I have witnessed since I joined the company," said Digimarc CEO Riley McCormack. "We made significant progress on things underway and opened new areas of opportunity we previously didn't believe addressable in the near term. Looking back, we acknowledge Q3 revenue doesn't reflect the reality just described. The gap between what lies ahead and what lies behind has never been this large and we look forward to providing additional information to bridge that gap as soon as reasonably possible."

### **Third Quarter Financial Results**

Annual recurring revenue<sup>(1)</sup> as of September 30, 2024 decreased to \$18.7 million compared to \$19.6 million as of September 30, 2023. The \$0.9 million decrease reflects a \$5.8 million decrease due to the delayed timing in the anticipated renewal of a commercial contract, partially offset by new annual recurring revenue from entry into new commercial subscription contracts and increased subscription fees on existing commercial contracts.

Subscription revenue for the third quarter of 2024 increased to \$5.3 million compared to \$4.8 million for the third quarter of 2023, primarily reflecting higher subscription revenue from new and existing commercial contracts, partially offset by the delayed timing in the anticipated renewal of a commercial contract.

Service revenue for the third quarter of 2024 remained flat, compared to the third quarter of 2023, primarily reflecting higher service revenue from HolyGrail recycling projects, partially offset by lower service revenue from the Central Banks.

Total revenue for the third quarter of 2024 increased to \$9.4 million compared to \$9.0 million for the third quarter of 2023.

Gross profit margin for the third quarter of 2024 increased to 62% compared to 58% for the third quarter of 2023. Excluding amortization expense on acquired intangible assets, subscription gross profit margin increased to 86% from 85% and service gross profit margin increased to 61% from 54% for the third quarter of 2024 compared to the third quarter of 2023.

Non-GAAP gross profit margin for the third quarter of 2024 increased to 78% compared to 76% for the third quarter of 2023.

Operating expenses for the third quarter of 2024 increased to \$17.3 million compared to \$16.4 million for the third quarter of 2023, primarily reflecting \$0.6 million of cash severance costs and \$0.4 million of lower labor costs allocated to cost of revenue due to the amount and mix of billable labor hours incurred.

Non-GAAP operating expenses for the third quarter of 2024 increased to \$14.1 million compared to \$13.2 million for the third quarter of 2023.

Net loss for the third quarter of 2024 was \$10.8 million or (\$0.50) per share compared to \$10.7 million or (\$0.53) per share for the third quarter of 2023.

Non-GAAP net loss for the third quarter of 2024 was \$6.1 million or (\$0.29) per share compared to \$5.9 million or (\$0.29) per share for the third quarter of 2023.

At September 30, 2024, cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities totaled \$33.7 million compared to \$27.2 million at December 31, 2023.

(1) Annual Recurring Revenue (ARR) is a company performance metric calculated as the aggregation of annualized subscription fees from all of our commercial contracts as of the measurement date.

### **Conference Call**

Digimarc will hold a conference call today (Thursday, November 14, 2024) to discuss these financial results and to provide a business update. CEO Riley McCormack, CFO Charles Beck, and CLO George Karamanos will host the call starting at 5:00 p.m. Eastern time (2:00 p.m. Pacific time). A question and answer session will follow management's prepared remarks.

The conference call will be broadcast live and available for replay <u>here</u> and in the investor section of the company's <u>website</u>. The conference call script will also be posted to the company's website shortly before the call.

For those who wish to call in via telephone to ask a question, please dial the number below at least five minutes before the scheduled start time:

Toll Free number: 877-407-0832

International number: 201-689-8433

Conference ID number: 13743904

### **Company Contact:**

Charles Beck Chief Financial Officer Charles.Beck@digimarc.com +1 503-469-4721

## **About Digimarc**

<u>Digimarc Corporation</u> (NASDAQ: DMRC) is the pioneer and global leader in <u>digital watermarking</u> technologies. For nearly 30 years, Digimarc innovations and intellectual property in digital watermarking have been deployed at a massive scale for the identification and the authentication of physical and digital items. A notable example is our partnership with a consortium of the world's central banks to deter counterfeiting of global currency. Digimarc is also instrumental in supporting global industry standards efforts spanning both the physical and digital worlds. In 2023, Digimarc was named to the <u>Fortune 2023 Change the World</u> list and honored as a <u>2023 Fast Company World Changing Ideas</u> finalist. Learn more at <u>Digimarc.com</u>.

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Except for historical information contained in this release, the matters described in this release contain various "forward-looking statements." These forward-looking statements include statements identified by terminology such as "will," "should," "expects," "estimates," "predicts" and "continue" or other derivations of these or other comparable terms. These forward-looking statements are statements of management's opinion and are subject to various assumptions, risks, uncertainties and changes in circumstances. Actual results may vary materially from those expressed or implied from the statements in this release as a result of changes in economic, business and regulatory factors, including, without limitation, the terms and timing of anticipated contract renewals. More detailed information about risk factors that may affect actual results are outlined in the company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and in subsequent periodic reports filed with the SEC. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's opinions only as of the date of this release. Except as required by law, Digimarc undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that may arise after the date of this release.

### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

This release contains the following non-GAAP financial measures: Non-GAAP gross profit, Non-GAAP gross profit margin, Non-GAAP operating expenses, Non-GAAP net loss, and Non-GAAP loss per share (diluted). See below for a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. These non-GAAP financial measures are an important measure of our operating performance because they allow management, investors and analysts to evaluate and assess our core operating results from period-to-period after removing non-cash and non-recurring activities that affect comparability. Our management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in evaluating its financial and operational decision making and as a means to evaluate period-to-period comparisons.

Digimarc believes that providing these non-GAAP financial measures, together with the reconciliation to GAAP, helps management and investors make comparisons between us and other companies. In making any comparisons to other companies, investors need to be aware that companies use different non-GAAP measures to evaluate their financial performance. Investors should pay close attention to the specific definition being used and to the reconciliation between such measures and the corresponding GAAP measures provided by each company under applicable SEC rules. These non-GAAP financial measures are not measurements of financial performance or liquidity under GAAP. In order to facilitate a clear understanding of its consolidated historical operating results, investors should examine Digimarc's non-GAAP financial measures in conjunction with its historical GAAP financial information, and investors should not consider non-GAAP financial measures in

isolation or as substitutes for performance measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed as supplemental to, and should not be considered as alternatives to, GAAP financial measures. Non-GAAP financial measures may not be indicative of the historical operating results of the Company nor are they intended to be predictive of potential future results.

#### Digimarc Corporation Consolidated Income Statement Information (in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Revenue:								
Subscription	\$	5,252	\$	4,811	\$	17,394	\$	13,374
Service		4,191		4,183		12,366		12,193
Total revenue		9,443		8,994		29,760	-	25,567
Cost of revenue:								
Subscription (1)		735		698		2,205		2,264
Service <sup>(1)</sup>		1,638		1,938		5,138		5,621
Amortization expense on acquired intangible assets		1,173		1,135		3,445		3,346
Total cost of revenue		3,546		3,771		10,788		11,231
Gross profit								
Subscription <sup>(1)</sup>		4,517		4,113		15,189		11,110
Service <sup>(1)</sup>		2,553		2,245		7,228		6,572
Amortization expense on acquired intangible assets		(1,173)		(1,135)		(3,445)		(3,346)
Total gross profit		5,897		5,223		18,972		14,336
Gross profit margin:								
Subscription <sup>(1)</sup>		86%		85%		87%		83%
Service <sup>(1)</sup>	61% 54%		)	58%		54%		
Total		62%	, D	58%	<b>)</b>	64%	Ď	56%
Operating expenses:								
Sales and marketing		5,637		5,366		16,789		16,770
Research, development and engineering		6,488		5,300 6,308		19,873		20,295
General and administrative		4,861		4,433		13,695		13,412
Amortization expense on acquired intangible assets		280		272		823		800
Impairment of lease right of use assets and leasehold		200		212		020		000
improvements		_		_		_		250
Total operating expenses		17,266		16,379		51,180		51,527
		17,200		10,070		01,100		01,021
Operating loss		(11,369)		(11,156)		(32,208)		(37,191)
Other income, net		617		478		1,868		1,870
Loss before income taxes		(10,752)		(10,678)		(30,340)		(35,321)
Provision for income taxes		(2)		(45)		(22)		(65)
Net loss	\$	(10,754)	\$	(10,723)	\$	(30,362)	\$	(35,386)
	<u> </u>	/	<u> </u>	/	<u> </u>	<u>    (                                </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Loss per share:								
Loss per share — basic	\$	(0.50)	\$	(0.53)	\$	(1.43)	\$	(1.76)
Loss per share — diluted	\$	(0.50)	\$	(0.53)	\$	(1.43)	\$	(1.76)
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic		21,435		20,217		21,187		20,158
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted		21,435		20,217		21,187		20,158

<sup>(1)</sup> Cost of revenue, Gross profit and Gross profit margin for Subscription and Service excludes amortization expense on acquired intangible assets.

### Digimarc Corporation Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mont Septem			
		2024	_	2023		2024		2023
GAAP gross profit	\$	5,897	\$	5,223	\$	18,972	\$	14,336
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		1,173		1,135		3,445		3,346
Amortization and write-off of other intangible assets		136		143		410		433
Stock-based compensation		154	_	310		563		866
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$	7,360	\$	6,811	\$	23,390	\$	18,981
Non-GAAP gross profit margin		78%	)	76%	)	79%	)	74%
GAAP operating expenses	\$	17,266	\$	16,379	\$	51,180	\$	51,527
Depreciation and write-off of property and equipment		(179) (223)			(570)		(911)	
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		(280)		(272)		(823)		(800)
Amortization and write-off of other intangible assets		(77)		(228)		(241)		(276)
Amortization of lease right of use assets under operating								
leases		(90)		(94)		(263)		(426)
Stock-based compensation		(2,548)		(2,382)		(7,376)		(7,280)
Impairment of lease right of use assets and leasehold improvements		_		_		_		(250)
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$	14,092	\$	13,180	\$	41,907	\$	41,584
GAAP net loss	\$	(10,754)	\$	(10,723)	\$	(30,362)	\$	(35,386)
Total adjustments to gross profit		1,463		1,588		4,418		4,645
Total adjustments to operating expenses		3,174		3,199		9,273		9,943
Non-GAAP net loss	\$	(6,117)	\$	(5,936)	\$	(16,671)	\$	(20,798)
GAAP loss per share (diluted)	\$	(0.50)	\$	(0.53)	\$	(1.43)	\$	(1.76)
Non-GAAP net loss	\$	(6,117)	\$	(5,936)	\$	(16,671)	\$	(20,798)
Non-GAAP loss per share (diluted)	\$	(0.29)	\$	(0.29)	\$	(0.79)	\$	(1.03)

#### Digimarc Corporation Consolidated Balance Sheet Information (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Sep	otember 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents (1)	\$	25,560	\$	21,456	
Marketable securities (1)		8,126		5,726	
Trade accounts receivable, net		6,965		5,813	
Other current assets		4,143		4,085	
Total current assets		44,794		37,080	
Property and equipment, net		1,159		1,570	
Intangibles, net		24,834		28,458	
Goodwill		9,030		8,641	
Lease right of use assets		3,754		4,017	
Other assets		1,453		786	
Total assets	\$	85,024	\$	80,552	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	5,973	\$	6,672	
Deferred revenue		3,409		5,853	
Total current liabilities		9,382		12,525	
Long-term lease liabilities		5,418		5,994	
Other long-term liabilities		64		106	
Total liabilities		14,864		18,625	
Shareholders' equity:					
Preferred stock		50		50	
Common stock		21		20	
Additional paid-in capital		413,480		376,189	
Accumulated deficit		(342,130)		(311,768)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(1,261)		(2,564)	
Total shareholders' equity		70,160		61,927	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	85,024	\$	80,552	

<sup>(1)</sup> Aggregate cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities was \$33.7 million and \$27.2 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

### Digimarc Corporation Consolidated Cash Flow Information (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Mo	ne Months Ended September 30,				
	2024			2023		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net loss	\$	(30,362)	\$	(35,386)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:						
Depreciation and write-off of property and equipment		570		911		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		4,268		4,146		
Amortization and write-off of other intangible assets		651		709		
Amortization of lease right of use assets under operating leases		263		426		
Stock-based compensation		7,939		8,146		
Impairment of lease right of use assets and leasehold improvements				250		
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts		96		_		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Trade accounts receivable		(1,321)		(1,581)		
Other current assets		(9)		1,688		
Other assets		(582)		279		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities		(816)		299		
Deferred revenue		(2,448)		3,298		
Lease liability and other long-term liabilities		(586)		136		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(22,337)		(16,679)		
				( ) )		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchase of property and equipment		(199)		(208)		
Capitalized patent costs		(313)		(295)		
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities		16,978		26,696		
Purchases of marketable securities		(19,376)		(8,664)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(2,910)		17,529		
		(_,,		,		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs		32,218		_		
Purchase of common stock		(2,890)		(2,036)		
Repayment of loans		(35)		(33)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		29,293		(2,069)		
Effect of exchange rate on cash		58		(44)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	4,104	\$	(1,263)		
	<u> </u>	.,	Ψ	(1,200)		
Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities at beginning of period		27,182		52,542		
Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities at end of period		33,686		33,331		
(2) Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securitie	es \$	6,504	\$	(19,211)		
	<u> </u>	0,001	*	(10,211)		

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# DIGIMARC

# Digimarc Corporation (DMRC) Conference Call Third Quarter 2024 Financial Results November 14, 2024

# Welcome [George Karamanos]

Welcome to our Q3 conference call. Riley McCormack, our CEO, and Charles Beck, our CFO, are with me on the call. On the call today, we will provide a business update and discuss Q3 financial results. This will be followed by a question and answer forum. We have posted our prepared remarks in the investor relations section of our website and will archive this webcast there.

# Safe Harbor Statement

Before we begin, let me remind everyone that today's discussion contains forwardlooking statements that have risks and uncertainties. Please refer to our press release for more information on the specific risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially.

Riley will now provide a business update.

# **Business Update [Riley McCormack]**

Thank you, George, and hello everyone.

Looking forward, Q3 was the most significant quarter I have witnessed since I joined the company. Invention and market development are the twin pillars upon which all future opportunities are built. In both of these critical areas, we not only made significant progress on things underway, we also opened new areas of opportunity we previously didn't believe addressable in the near term.

Looking back, we acknowledge Q3 revenue doesn't reflect the reality just described. The gap between what lies ahead and what lies behind has never been this large. As noted in the 10-Q that we published today, our third quarter results were impacted by the delayed renewal of a commercial contract. The financial component of this deal is meaningful, as it represents a significant upsell. The strategic component will prove transformational, not only to our company but also to the massive industry it will revolutionize.

In fact, it is exactly this broad industry impact that has led to this deal taking longer to close than all involved originally believed. Trading time-to-close for strategic scope is an outcome I unequivocally support. We run our business to maximize long-term value, and we expect our current path to do exactly that. In addition, our decision to invest a large amount of company resources in Q3 to support this deal versus other opportunities is another decision behind which I unequivocally stand, even knowing as we do now that the expenditure of those resources wouldn't fall in the same quarter in which the deal was signed.

Because of the transformational nature of this deal from both a financial and strategic perspective, if it closes before our next scheduled call as we currently believe is likely, we will hold an interim call. On any such call, we will provide more details on this specific deal as well as a more complete discussion on what lies ahead, providing the context we know we owe you as to why we believe the gap between looking forward and looking backward has never been this large. For reasons that will be clear, our ability to provide the full picture today is impacted by our inability to discuss the specifics

of this deal. Instead of providing a partial picture by discussing the other important developments I noted earlier, I will reserve the rest of my prepared remarks for this interim call.

I will now turn the call over to Charles to discuss our Q3 financial results.

# **Financial Results [Charles Beck]**

Thank you, Riley, and hello everyone.

I normally begin my discussion of our financial results by providing a snapshot of our key financial metrics because I believe this overview provides useful context ahead of discussing each metric in turn. As a result of the significance of the delayed contract Riley just referenced, today I am going to forgo providing that snapshot because Q3 results are not a true representation of the state of our business.

In addition to having an outsized impact on ending ARR<sup>1</sup>, the delay in resigning resulted in no revenue being recognized nor any cash collected from this contract during Q3. By significantly impacting some of our most important financial metrics, this delay means quarterly financial results are not reflective of our expected go-forward performance, even before considering this contract renewal is expected to include a large upsell.

Ending ARR was \$18.7 million compared to \$19.6 million at the end of September last year. ARR decreased \$900 thousand, which reflects a \$5.8 million decrease due to the delayed contract I just referenced, as the original contract has expired and is therefore excluded from ending ARR. The decrease in ARR from this contract was partially offset by net new additions to ARR. While some companies include forecasted renewals in their ARR metric, we take a more conservative approach by only including contracts that are booked in ARR.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Annual Recurring Revenue (ARR) is a company performance metric calculated as the aggregation of annualized subscription fees from all of our commercial contracts as of the measurement date.

Total revenue for the quarter was \$9.4 million, an increase of \$500 thousand or 5% from \$9.0 million in Q3 last year.

Subscription revenue, which accounted for 56% of total revenue for the quarter, grew 9% from \$4.8 million to \$5.3 million year-over-year. The increase reflects subscription revenue recognized on new customer contracts as well as upsells on existing customer contracts, offset by no revenue being recognized from the impacted contract as I mentioned earlier. Subscription revenue growth would have been significantly higher if the delayed contract had closed within Q3 as originally expected.

Service revenue was flat at \$4.2 million year-over-year, reflecting higher commercial service revenue from HolyGrail recycling projects partially offset by lower government service revenue due to timing.

Subscription gross profit margin<sup>2</sup> improved slightly to 86% in Q3 this year, compared to 85% in Q3 last year and 89% in the prior quarter. The sequential drop in subscription gross profit margin is due to the absorption of fixed costs over a lower subscription revenue number. This metric would have been significantly higher on both a year-over-year and sequential basis if the aforementioned contract had closed in Q3.

Service gross profit margin improved from 54% in Q3 last year to 61% in Q3 this year, reflecting a favorable change in labor mix. We expect to generate mid-50 percent service gross profit margins on a normalized basis, with some fluctuation quarter to quarter.

Operating expenses for the quarter were \$17.3 million compared to \$16.4 million in Q3 last year, an increase of 5%. Included in Q3 operating expenses this quarter was \$600 thousand of one-time cash severance costs for organizational changes made during the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Subscription gross profit margin excludes amortization expense on acquired intangible assets.

quarter to better align our operations. Additionally, operating expenses were \$400 thousand higher due to lower labor costs allocated to cost of revenue due to the amount and mix of billable labor hours incurred during the quarter. Total expenses, which exclude the impact of allocations, were flat year-over-year when removing the \$600 thousand of one-time severance costs.

Non-GAAP operating expenses, which exclude non-cash and non-recurring items, were \$14.1 million for the quarter, up 7% compared to \$13.2 million in Q3 last year. The increase in non-GAAP operating expenses closely mirrors the increase in GAAP operating expenses that I just explained, and like total GAAP expenses, total non-GAAP expenses were flat when excluding one-time severance costs and the impact of allocations.

Net loss per share for the quarter was 50 cents versus 53 cents in Q3 last year. Non-GAAP net loss per share was 29 cents in both periods.

We ended the quarter with \$33.7 million in cash and short-term investments.

Free cash flow<sup>3</sup> usage was \$7.3 million for the quarter, compared to \$400 thousand in Q3 last year. The variation year-over-year is primarily due to the timing of cash receipts from the contract we have been referencing throughout our prepared remarks. If this contract, as currently drafted, had been executed and paid within the third quarter, free cash flow would have been positive in Q3.

While we are working diligently to finalize this contract in Q4, the receipt of payment will lag contract execution by standard payment terms. Even if we do not receive payment from this contract before the end of the year, we expect Q4 free cash flow usage to be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Free cash flow includes cash used in operating activities, the purchase of property and equipment and capitalized patent costs.

significantly improved from Q3. If we do receive payment before the end of the year, we expect Q4 free cash flow to be significantly positive.

For further discussion of our financial results, and risks and prospects for our business, please see our Form 10-Q that has been filed with the SEC.

I will now turn the call back over to Riley for final remarks.

# Final Remarks [Riley McCormack]

Thank you, Charles. I will keep my closing remarks as brief as my opening remarks. Q3 was the most significant quarter I have witnessed since I joined the company. What lies ahead looks much different than what can be seen in any lagging indicator. We look forward to closing this gap as soon as we are able. We will now open the call up to questions.